

UBB ExpertEase Defensive Tolerant (LEVA)

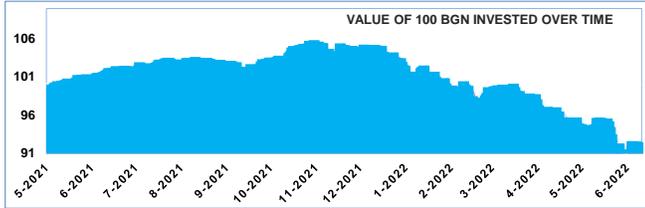
UBB ExpertEase Defensive Tolerant (BGN) is a global mixed "balanced" investment sub-fund of the umbrella mutual fund UBB ExpertEase, which is a feeder collective investment scheme within the meaning of Article 67 of the Law on the Activity of Collective Investment Schemes and Other Collective Investment Enterprises (LACISOCIE). The investment objective of the sub-fund is to invest at least 85% of its assets in the main sub-fund and up to 15% of its assets in cash and derivatives. The main sub-fund **Horizon ExpertEase Defensive Tolerant** follow a multi-signal strategy which investment objective is to generate the highest possible return for its shareholders in accordance with its investment policy. The main sub-fund Horizon KBC ExpertEase Defensive Tolerant follows multi-signal strategy in which the target allocation is **30% equities and 70% bonds**.



FUND INFORMATION	as of 30 06 2022 r.
Launch date	05 March 2021
Last confirmed NAV	18 420 354.35
Last confirmed NAV per unit	9.2372
Lowest - Highest NAV per unit for the last year	9.0926-10.5825
Standard deviation for the last year	-

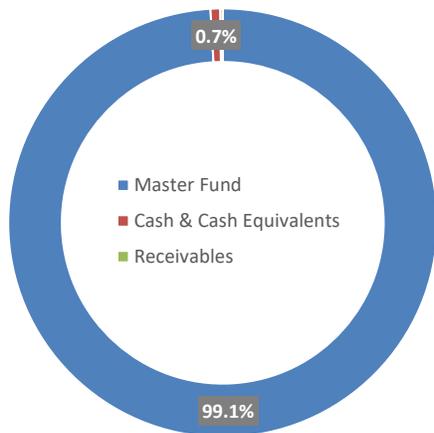
RETURN	
Year to date /not annualized/	-12.15%
For the last 12 months /not annualized/	-
For the last 3 years /annualized/	-
Since inception /annualized/	-

PORTFOLIO	
HORIZON KBC EXPERTEASE DEFENSIVE BALANCED BGN	SHARES
CASH	ASSETS
RECEIVABLES	ASSETS



ANNUAL RETURNS

As the sub-fund was established in 2021, there is insufficient data to give investors a useful indication of past performance.



MASTER FUND	Horizon KBC ExpertEase Defensive Tolerant Institutional F share BG class in BGN
MASTER FUND CURRENCY	BGN
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN OF THE MASTER FUND	BELGIUM
STRATEGY OF THE MASTER FUND	MULTI-SIGNAL
TARGET WEIGHT OF THE MASTER FUND	
EQUITIES	30.00%
BONDS	70.00%

COMMENT

First half of 2022 it is already a fact that the month of June continued the downward trend in the markets with brief glimpses of loose growth. The stabilization of oil prices below the level of \$110 per barrel was not enough to dispel investors' concerns and buyers remained passive, awaiting more information on the state of the economy and the actions of central banks. The labor market continues to be in excellent shape, with unemployment in the US (3.6%) reaching its lowest level since 1969, while in Germany, one of the leading economies in the EU, it rose slightly to 5.3%. The reason, however, was the inclusion of permanently resident refugees from Ukraine in it. Greater flexibility in the labor market also means that some of the most affected sectors, such as construction, entertainment and education, will be able to fill vacant positions. The slight cooling of the labor market is a positive indicator. More moderate growth and stabilizing inflation could steer the economy toward a soft landing, of course, if the Federal Reserve exercises the necessary patience. On the business side, there is also a slight cooling. Rising interest rates and higher declines in some leading indicators caused a contraction in the PMI business confidence index, but its level still remained healthy (above 50 in both the US and the Eurozone, manufacturing and services) as output levels reported down for the first time in two years. The effect on the equity markets was not long in coming, with the leading indices S&P 500 (-8.4%), Euro stoxx 50 (-8.8%) and Nikkei 225 (-3.3%) reporting declines. Not all sectors reacted negatively, however, as apart from the continued strong performance of energy companies, traditionally defensive sectors such as utilities, consumer staples and healthcare also reported relatively better results. These are sectors seen as a "lifeboat" in a recession as households continue to consume their products and services, even in more negative economic conditions and rising interest rates. The grip of central banks temporarily loosened bond markets as the yield on US 10-year notes fell to 3.0% (from 3.5% in early June) as bond prices rose - an indication that more investors prefer their safety. In the more war-torn Eurozone, the European Central Bank still appears to have a 0.50% hike on the cards, but Christine Lagarde is officially sticking to the original plan for a 0.25% hike for now, followed by a second one in September, again at 0.25%. Inflation in the Eurozone is still raging in full force, reaching a new record high of 8.6% in June (Eurostat's early forecast). In Bulgaria, we are yet to see its level for June, but by the month of May, a new peak of 15.6% was reached. This did not prevent the leading index BG40 from maintaining positions (-0.2%) as the leaders in growth were Fairplay Properties REIT, Sofia Commerce Pawn Shops AD and Sirma Group Holding AD. The biggest decline was reported by the shares of Petrol AD, which closed at just under 25 cents per share. It was a different picture in Asia's leading economy, where the easing of strict quarantine measures and strong manufacturing data lifted the business confidence index to 50.2 and services reached 54.7. Positive news and a slight weakening of the yuan against the US dollar sent the main Shanghai Composite index up +6.7% from the level at which it closed in May. And the indications are getting stronger that supply chains are in much better shape and the recovery is moving along.

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